



Across

- 3 The _____ of the Virginia Company of London guaranteed the rights of Englishmen to the colonists. (8)
- 6 This 13th century document introduced the principle that everyone, including the King of England, is subject to the law. (2 words) (5,5)
- 9 Amending the Virginia Constitution requires ratification by the _____ of Virginia. (6)
- 10 The Declaration of _____ stated grievances (complaints) against the king of England. (12)
- 12 The Declaration of Independence affirmed "certain _____ rights" (life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness).

(11)

- 13 The first 10 Amendments to the Constitution make up the _____. (3 words) (4,2,6)
- 16 The Declaration of Independence affirmed the idea that all people are created _____. (5)
- 17 Government is not all-powerful and may do only those things the people have given it the power to do. This is the fundamental principle called _____. (2 words) (7,10)
- 18 The Articles of _____ established the first national government. (13)
- 19 The Articles of Confederation created a _____ central government (e.g., no power to tax or enforce

laws); (4)

- 20 The Virginia Statute for _____ Freedom called for freedom of religious beliefs and opinions. (9)

people's behalf. (14)

- 8 The Constitution's Preamble begins "_____ " to show that power comes from the people. (3 words) (2,3,6)

Down

- 1 Purposes of the Constitution are stated in its _____. (8)
- 2 In this system of government, the people rule. (9)
- 4 The _____ established the structure of the U.S. government. (12)
- 5 Amending the Constitution requires _____ by the states. (12)

- 11 The Virginia _____ of Rights served as a model for the Bill of Rights. (11)
- 14 To date, there are 27 _____ to the Constitution (10)
- 15 Everyone, including government officials, must follow the law. This is the fundamental principle called _____. (3 words) (4,2,3)

- 7 In a _____ government, the people elect public office-holders to make laws and conduct government on the