Released SOL Test Questions Sorted by Topic

SOL 4.2 PLANTS

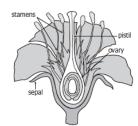
The student will investigate and understand basic plant anatomy and life processes. Key concepts include

the survival of plants and animals depends on photosynthesis; plants and animals have different structures and processes for obtaining energy; and

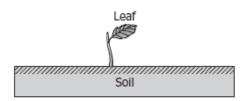
plants and animals have different structures and processes for creating offspring.

PLANT PARTS

- 1. Which of these is a function of a leaf?
 - a. Carrying nutrients throughout the plant
 - b. Converting sun's energy into sugar
 - c. Creating shade for the plant
 - d. Absorbing water from the ground
- 2. Which part of a sunflower plant absorbs water and nutrients?
 - a. Roots
 - b. Stems
 - c. Leaves
 - d. Flowers
- 3. In a flower, what most likely happens when *pollen* from the stamen gets into the ovary?
 - a. The plant dies.
 - b. A seed develops.
 - The flower closes.
 - d. The sepals fall off.
- 4. The two structures most *plants* use to gather nutrients and energy to live are —
 - a. roots and leaves
 - b. roots and flowers
 - stems and roots
 - stems and leaves
- 5. What part of the flower produces pollen?
 - a. ovary
 - sepal
 - pistil
 - d. stamen



Ovary



- The picture shows a sprouting bean plant. The *leaf* produced will help the plant by
 - a. absorbing water from the air for nourishment
 - b. using sunlight for energy in food production
 - c. reproducing more bean plants for survival of the species
 - d. adding support for the plant as it grows taller

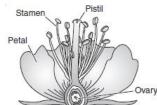
Violet Plants

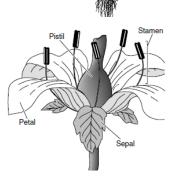
Parts	Function
Roots	Anchor plant, absorb water
Stem	Support and transport
Leaves	Produce energy
Flowers	?

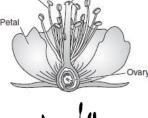
- The table lists the parts of a violet plant and their functions. What is the function of violet flowers?
 - Release oxygen
 - Produce seeds
 - Absorb sunlight
 - d. Promote growth
- **Pollen** is produced in the

ovary a.

- b. pistil
- petal
- stamen
- Which of these is a main function of this plant's roots?
 - a. Making seeds
 - b. Producing pollen
 - c. Absorbing nutrients
 - d. Storing chlorophyll
- 10. Which of these plant parts forms the seeds?
 - The stamen a.
 - The pistil
 - The sepals
 - d. The petals





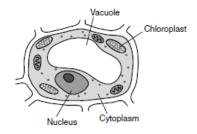


- 11. What do plants take in through their root systems?
 - e. Light
 - f. Water
 - g. Carbon dioxide
 - h. Oxygen
- During pollination, pollen is transferred from a stamen to a –
 - a. Petal
 - b. Stem
 - c. Sepal
 - d. Pistil
- 13. Which plant part develops into a fruit?
 - a. Flower
 - b. Stem
 - c. Leaf
 - d. Root

PHOTOSYNTHESIS

- 14. Photosynthesis occurs in which of these organisms?
 - a. Sunflower plant
 - b. Mushroom
 - c. Sunfish
 - d. Luna moth
- 15. Which of the following do *plants* need to make their own food?
 - a. Flowers
 - b. Bacteria
 - c. Sunlight
 - d. Oxygen
- The substance that makes *plants* green is known as
 - a. water
 - b. calcium
 - c. chlorophyll
 - d. carbon dioxide
- 17. Which of these is a process that allows plants to convert light energy into food energy?
 - a. Reproduction
 - b. Excretion
 - c. Digestion
 - d. Photosynthesis
- 18. Why is *photosynthesis* important for plants?
 - a. It collects sunlight which is used to make food for plants.
 - b. It gets rid of plant waste products.
 - c. It changes plant sugar into stronger chemicals.
 - d. It helps attract insects to plant flowers.

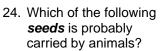
- 19. In which plant *cell* structure does photosynthesis occur?
 - a. Vacuole
 - b. Chloroplast
 - c. Cytoplasm
 - d. Nucleus



- 20. In plant cells, chloroplasts
 - a. act as the cell's control center
 - b. enable plant cells to produce their own food
 - c. allow materials to move into and out of the cell
 - d. support and protect the cell
- 21. For the native birds and mammals of Virginia to survive, plant life must be conserved. What do plants provide directly to all animals?
 - a. Oxygen
 - b. Minerals
 - c. Light
 - d. Hydrogen
- 22. Which gas is given off by *plants*?
 - a. Hydrogen
 - b. Nitrogen
 - c. Oxygen
 - d. Helium

SEEDS

- 23. The wind helps many *plants reproduce* by
 - a. cooling the plants
 - b. giving the plants moisture
 - c. spreading the plants' pollen
 - d. strengthening the plants' root systems





- b. Dandelion
- c. Milkweed
- d. Cocklebur







Dandelion

Cocklebur

25. Which of the following is a benefit that many flowering plants get from animals?

- a. Shelter from direct sunlight
- b. Seeds carried to new places
- C. Oxygen to use in photosynthesis
- d. Moisture to prevent wilting