Name_____Date_____Grade 5 SOL 5.6 Review –Oceans (2010 standards)Made by SOLpass - www.solpass.orgsolpass100@comcast.netReproduction is permitted for SOLpass subscribers only.

Match the Columns

1.	The "saltiness" of ocean water	In the blank, write the number of the correct matching item from the left column.
2.	Causes of ocean currents	
3.	Causes surface waves	wind
4.	Deep ocean crevice	salinity
5.	A long distance current that carries warm water to	continental shelf
	Europe	winds and water density
6.	The shallow part of the ocean floor near the shore	oceanographer
	where marine life flourishes	ocean trench
7.	A scientist who studies the ocean	thick layers of sediment (sand, mud, rocks)
8.	Plant-like organisms that float on or near the	Gulf Stream
	ocean's surface and produce much of the Earth's	mid-ocean ridges
	oxygen	rates of evaporation and runoff from nearby land
9.	Determines the salinity of ocean water	water pressure
10	Increases as ocean depth increases	phytoplankton
11.	Decreases as ocean depth increases	light and temperature
12. Motions of the oceans		a complex mixture of gases and dissolved solids
13.	The makeup of ocean water	(salts, especially sodium chloride)
14.	Covers the ocean floor near the continents	waves, currents and tides
	(continental shelf, slope, and rise)	
15.	Underwater mountain ranges	
	The shoreline, where the land meets the ocean, is part of the:	18. Circle True or False: The shallow water of the continental shelf is teeming with life.
	a. continental slopeb. continental shelfc. abyssal plain	19. The steep slope at the edge of the continental shelf is the:a. ocean trench
	The continental shelf is:	b. continental slope
	a. the deepest part of the oceanb. fairly deep	c. mid-ocean ridge

c. relatively shallow

21. The floor of the continental shelf and slope is:

- a. made of hard rock
- b. covered with sand, mud and rock and thick sediment
- c. covered with only sand

22. The deepest parts of the ocean are:

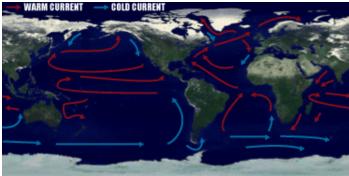
- a. ocean trenches
- b. continental shelves
- c. mid-ocean ridges
- 23. Ocean trenches are deep _____.
 - a. deep canyons
 - b. high mountains
 - c. steep slopes

24. Underwater mountain ranges are called:

- a. abyssal plains
- b. continental slopes
- c. mid-ocean ridges

Ocean currents are caused by: (circle all that apply)

- a. wind patterns
- b. differences in water density caused by temperature and salinity
- c. earthquakes
- 25. Oceans flow like rivers in well defined circular patterns called:
 - a. currents
 - b. streams
 - c. seas



- 26. The Gulf Stream is one of the Earth's strongest currents. It moves north from the tropics through the Gulf of Mexico, past the east coast of the United States and up to northern Europe. As a result of the Gulf Stream, Europe is:
 - a. warmer than Canada at the same latitude.
 - b. colder than Canada at the same latitude.

27. Ocean water is a mixture of: (choose all that apply)

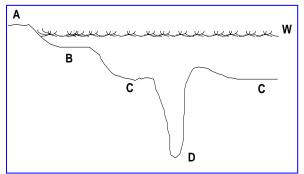
- a. gases
- b. sugars
- c. salts, especially sodium chloride

- 28. The ocean's salinity (saltiness) varies, depending on: (choose all correct items)
 - a. runoff from nearby land
 - b. the amount of evaporation
 - c. the amount of salt people use on food
- 29. Circle True or False: Marine organisms are dependent on the dissolved gases in the ocean for survival.
- 30. The most important organisms of the ocean ecosystem are:
 - a. phytoplankton
 - b. dolphins
 - c. whales
- 31. Phytoplankton are plant-like producers that get their energy through photosynthesis
 - a. from the sun
 - b. by eating other organisms
- 32. ____ produce much of the Earth's oxygen.
 - a. people
 - b. phytoplankton
- 33. Ocean life depends on ______, which form the base of the ocean food webs.
 - a. people
 - b. phytoplankton
 - c. fish
- 34. Most marine organisms live along here
 - a. continental shelf
 - b. ocean trenches
 - c. ocean ridges
- 35. Waves are most commonly formed by:
 - a. sun
 - b. wind
 - c. animals
 - d. salt

36. Salt in the ocean comes from:

- a. air
- b. waves
- c. creatures
- d. the weathering of rocks and minerals

- 37. Which of the following always increases as the ocean depth increases? (Choose all that apply)
 - a. pressure
 - b. temperature
 - c. food
- 38. Which of the following decreases as ocean depth increases? (Choose all that apply)
 - a. pressure
 - b. temperature
 - c. light
- 39. Which of these geological features is created by living organisms?
 - a. continental slope
 - b. mid-ocean ridge
 - c. ocean trench
 - d. coral reef



- 40. The diagram above shows the ocean floor. "B" indicates the:
 - a. water level
 - b. continental shelf
 - c. ocean trench
 - d. abyssal or deep ocean plains

41. "D" indicates the:

- a. mid ocean ridge
- b. continental shelf
- c. ocean trench
- 42. Which is NOT a common cause of major ocean currents?
 - a. winds
 - b. volcanoes
 - c. different water densities
- 43. Zooplankton are:
 - a. animal-like plankton
 - b. plant-like plankton that get their energy from the sun

- 44. The term "marine" in "marine habitat", refers to:
 - a. salt water (ocean)
 - b. fresh water
 - c. forest
- 45. Plant-like plankton or phytoplankton: (choose all that apply)
 - a. produce much of the Earth's oxygen
 - b. serve as the base of ocean ecosystems
 - c. flourish in areas where nutrient rich water upwells from the deep
 - d. are eaten by zooplankton (animal-like plankton), and other marine organisms.
 - e. live primarily in the deepest parts of the ocean
 - f. live near the surface where they can find sunlight for photosynthesis